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In the Matter of:

Hightower Plating and Manufacturing, Inc. 2090 North Glassell Street Orange, California 92865,

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY2007 SEP 18 AM 7: 44 REGION 9

REGIONAL HEARING CLERK Docket No. EPCRA-09-2007- 0 0 1 9

CONSENT AGREEMENT AND FINAL

ORDER pursuant to 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.13 and 22.18

CONSENT AGREEMENT

Respondent.

- The Director of the Communities and Ecosystems Division ("Complainant"), United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") Region 9, and Hightower Metal Products, Inc. and Hightower Plating and Manufacturing Co., Inc. ("Respondent" or "Hightower Plating and Manufacturing, Inc.") agree to settle this matter and consent to the filing of this Consent Agreement and Final Order Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.13 and 22.18 ("CAFO"), which simultaneously commences and concludes this matter in accordance with 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.13(b) and 22.18(b).
- This is a civil administrative proceeding initiated pursuant to Section 325(c) of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, 42 U.S.C. § 11001 et seq., also known as the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 ("EPCRA"), for violation of Section 313 of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11023, and the regulations promulgated to implement Section 313 at 40 C.F.R. Part 372.
- Complainant has been duly delegated the authority to file this action and sign a consent agreement settling this

action. Respondent is a corporation incorporated in California.

- . Pursuant to Sections 313 and 328 of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. §§ 11023 and 11048, EPA promulgated the Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: Community Right-to-Know Rule at 40 C.F.R. Part 372.
 - Section 313(a) of EPCRA, as implemented by 40 C.F.R. § 372.30, provides that an owner or operator of a facility that meets the criteria set forth in EPCRA Section 313(b) and 40 C.F.R. § 372.22, is required to submit annually to the Administrator of EPA and to the State in which the facility is located, no later than July 1st of each year, a toxic chemical release inventory reporting form (hereinafter "Form R") for each toxic chemical listed under 40 C.F.R. § 372.65 that was manufactured, processed or otherwise used at the facility during the preceding calendar year in quantities exceeding the thresholds established under EPCRA Section 313(f) and 40 C.F.R. §§ 372.25, 375.27, and 372.28.
 - Section 313(b) of EPCRA and 40 C.F.R. § 372.22 provide that the requirements of Section 313(a) and 40 C.F.R. § 372.30 apply to an owner and operator of a facility that has 10 or more full-time employees; that is in a Standard Industrial Classification major group codes 10 (except 1011, 1081, and 1094), 12 (except 1241), 20 through 39; industry codes 4911, 4931, or 4939 (limited to facilities that combust coal and/or oil for the purpose of generating power for distribution in

commerce), or 4953 (limited to facilities regulated under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, subtitle C, 42 U.S.C. \$6921 et seg.), or 5169, 5171, or 7389 (limited to facilities primarily engaged in solvent recovery services on a contract or fee basis); and that manufactures, processes, or otherwise uses one or more toxic chemicals listed under Section 313(c) of EPCRA and 40 C.F.R. § 372.65 in quantities in excess of the applicable thresholds established under EPCRA Section 313(f) and 40 C.F.R. §§ 372.25, 372.27, and 372.28. Section 325(c) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11045(c) and 40 C.F.R. Part 19 authorize EPA to assess a penalty of up to \$27,500 for each violation of Section 313 of EPCRA that occurred on

for each violation of Section 313 of EPCRA that occurred on or after January 31, 1997 but before March 15, 2004 and up to \$32,500 for each violation of Section 313 of EPCRA that occurred on or after March 15, 2004.

- 8. Respondent is a "person," as that term is defined by Section 329(7) of EPCRA.
 - At all times relevant to this CAFO, Respondent was the owner and operator of a "facility," as that term is defined by Section 329(4) of EPCRA and 40 C.F.R. § 372.3, located at 2090 North Glassell Street, Orange, CA ("Facility"); the Facility had 10 or more "full-time employees," as that term is defined at 40 C.F.R. § 372.3; and the Facility was classified in Standard Industrial Classification Codes 3469 metal stamping and 3471 electroplating, plating, polishing, anodizing and coloring.

10. During calendar years 2002, 2003 and 2004, Respondent processed approximately the following amounts (in pounds) of chromium (CAS/Identifier 7440473) and of nickel (CAS/Identifier 7440020), chemicals listed under 40 C.F.R. § 372.65:

Year	Chromium	Nickel
2002	86,555	77,611
2003	65,167	45,913
2004	90,355	67,773

- 11. The quantities of chromium and nickel that the Respondent processed at the Facility during calendar years 2002, 2003 and 2004 exceeded the established threshold of 25,000 pounds set forth at 40 C.F.R. § 372.25(a).
- 12. Respondent failed to submit Form Rs for chromium and nickel processed at the Facility to the EPA Administrator and to the State of California on or before July 1, 2003 for calendar year 2002, on or before July 1, 2004 for calendar year 2003, and on or before July 1, 2005 for calendar year 2004, as required by Section 313(a) of EPCRA and 40 C.F.R. § 372.30.
- 13. Respondent's failure to submit Form Rs on or before July 1 of 2003, 2004 and 2005 for chromium and for nickel processed at the Facility during the preceding calendar years, constitutes six violations of Section 313 of EPCRA and 40 C.F.R. § 372.30.
- 14. During calendar year 2002 Respondent processed approximately the following amounts (in pounds) of cobalt (CAS/Identifier 7440484), chemicals listed under 40 C.F.R. § 372.65:

Year Cobalt 2002 25,694

- 15. The quantities of cobalt that the Respondent processed at the Facility during calendar year 2002 exceeded the established threshold of 25,000 pounds set forth at 40 C.F.R. § 372.25(a).
- 16. Respondent failed to submit a Form R for cobalt processed at the Facility to the EPA Administrator and to the State of California on or before July 1, 2003 for calendar year 2002, as required by Section 313(a) of EPCRA and 40 C.F.R. § 372.30.
- 17. Respondent's failure to submit Form Rs on or before July 1 of 2003 for cobalt processed at the Facility during the preceding calendar years, constitutes one violation of Section 313 of EPCRA and 40 C.F.R. § 372.30.
- 18. The EPA Enforcement Response Policy for EPCRA Section 313 dated August 10, 1992 provides for a penalty of forty-two thousand three hundred dollars (\$42,300) for these seven violations.
- 19. In executing this CAFO, Respondent certifies that (1) it has now fully completed and submitted to EPA all of the required Form Rs in compliance with Section 313 of EPCRA and the regulations promulgated to implement Section 313; and (2) it has complied with all other EPCRA requirements at all facilities under its control.
- 20. In accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(b)(2) and for the purpose of this proceeding, Respondent (i) admits that EPA

has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this CAFO and over Respondent; (ii) admits the violations and facts alleged in this CAFO; (iii) consents to the terms of this CAFO; (iv) waives any right to contest the allegations in this CAFO; and (v) waives the right to appeal the proposed final order contained in this CAFO.

- 21. The terms of this CAFO constitute a full settlement of the civil administrative matter filed under the docket number above.
- 22. EPA's final policy statement on Incentives for Self-Policing: Discovery, Disclosure, Correction and Prevention of Violations, 65 Fed. Reg. 19617 (April 11, 2000) ("Audit Policy") has several important goals, including encouraging greater compliance with the laws and regulations which protect human health and the environment and reducing transaction costs associated with violations of the laws EPA is charged with administering. If certain specified criteria are met, reductions in gravity-based penalties of up to 100% are available under the Audit Policy. These criteria are (1) discovery of the violation(s) through an environmental audit or due diligence; (2) voluntary disclosure; (3) prompt disclosure; (4) discovery and disclosure independent of government or third party plaintiff; (5) correction and remediation; (6) prevent recurrence; (7) no repeat violations; (8) other violations excluded; and (9) cooperation.

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- 1 23. Complainant has determined that Respondent has satisfied all of the criteria under the Audit Policy and thus qualifies for the elimination of civil penalties in this matter. Accordingly, the civil penalty assessed in this matter is zero (\$0) dollars.
 - 24. Complainant's finding that Respondent has satisfied the criteria of the Audit Policy is based upon documentation that Respondent has provided to establish that it satisfies these criteria. Complainant and Respondent agree that, should any material fact upon which Complainant relied in making its finding subsequently prove to be other than as represented by Respondent, this CAFO may be voided in whole or in part.
 - 25. Nothing in this CAFO modifies, affects, exempts or relieves Respondent's duty to comply with all applicable provisions of EPCRA and other federal, state or local laws and permits. accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(c), this CAFO only resolves Respondent's liability for federal civil penalties for the violations and facts specifically alleged in this CAFO. Nothing in this CAFO is intended to or shall be construed to resolve (i) any civil liability for violations of any provision of any federal, state, or local law, statute, regulation, rule, ordinance, or permit not specifically alleged in this CAFO; or (ii) any criminal liability. EPA specifically reserves any and all authorities, rights, and remedies available to it (including, but not limited to, injunctive or other equitable relief or criminal sanctions)

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1		to address any violation of this CAFO or any violation not
2		specifically alleged in this CAFO.
3	26.	In accordance with 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.18(b)(3) and 22.31(b),
4		this CAFO shall be effective on the date that the final order
5		contained in this CAFO, having been approved and issued by
6		either the Regional Judicial Officer or Regional
7		Administrator, is filed.

27. The provisions of this CAFO shall be binding upon Respondent, its agents, successors or assigns. Respondent's obligations under this Consent Agreement, if any, shall end when Respondent has performed all of the terms of the Consent Agreement in accordance with the Final Order. Complainant and Respondent consent to the entry of the CAFO without further notice.

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7 FOR COMPLAINANT:

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9/13/2007

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21 FOR RESPONDENT:

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23 Date

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Kurt Koch, President

EPA Region 9

Hightower Plating and Manufacturing, Inc.

Jeff Scott, Acting Director Communities and Ecosystems Division

5	Hearing Clerk, United States Environmental Protection Agency,			
6	Region 9, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, California 94105,			
7	and that a true and correct copy thereof was placed in the United			
8	States Mail, certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed			
9	to the following address:			
10	Kurt Koch Hightower Plating and Manufacturing, Inc.			
11	2090 North Glassell Street Orange, CA 92865			
12				
13	Certified Return Receipt No.:			
14				
15	Date: 9/18/2007 By: Januelle & Cars			
16	Danielle Carr Regional Hearing Clerk			
17	United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9			
18	75 Hawthorne Avenue San Francisco, California 94105-3143			
19	ban flancisco, california 94105-5145			
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II. FINAL ORDER

Complainant EPA Region 9 and Respondent Hightower Plating and Manufacturing, Inc., having entered into the foregoing Consent Agreement,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that this Consent Agreement and Final Order Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.13 and 22.18 (Docket No. EPCRA-09-2007- 0019) be entered.

9 09/17 /07 _

Regional Judicial Officer
U.S. Environmental Protection

Agency, Region 9